

E I M A C Division of Varian S A N C A R L O S

CALIFORNIA

592/3-200A3 MEDIUM-MU TRIODE

MODULATOR OSCILLATOR AMPLIFIER

The EIMAC 592/3-200A3 is a medium-mu power triode having a maximum plate dissipation rating of 200 watts, and it is intended for use as a power amplifier, oscillator, or modulator. It can be used at its maximum ratings at frequencies as high as 150 MHz.

Cooling of the 592/3-200A3 is accomplished by radiation from the plate, which operates at a visible red color at maximum plate dissipation, and by means of forced-air circulation around the envelope.

ELECTRICAL	GENE	RAL	CH	ARAC	TER	ISTIC	CS								MADE IN U.S.		
Filament: Thoriated	d Tung	sten											•				•
Voltage -	. . .	_	- -	-	-	-	-	-	10.0	volts	;		-		雅	_	
Current -	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	5.0	amp	eres		_			1	1
Amplification Facto	r (Ave	rage)	_	-	-	-	-	-	25	-			-				de
Direct Interelectrod				verage	e)												
		_	- ` -	-	´ .	-	-	-	3.3	$\mu\mu f$							
Grid-Filament	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		$\mu\mu$ f							
Plate-Filament	_	_		-	-	_	-	-	0.29						745	-	
Transconductance ($I_{b} = 200$) ma.,	$E_b=3$	3000 v	.)	-	-	-	3600		os				IV.		
Frequency for Maxi	mum F	Rating	s -	-	´-	-	_	-		MHz							
MECHANICAL			•														
Mounting		_		. <u>-</u>	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	Vert	ical
Maximum Over-all	Dimen	sions															
Length -		-		. <u>-</u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6.	0 inc	hes
	. <u>-</u>	_			· _	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		3 inc	
Net Weight (appro	x.) -	_		 	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		6 oun	
Shipping Weight (a					_	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	-		pou	
Cooling		_		. .	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Rac	liati	on an	id Fo	rced	Air
Recommended Hea	t Dissir	natino	Coni	nectors	S :									V11			
Plate -	. DISSI	-		. -	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	E	IMA	C HR	-10
Grid -		_			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			AC H	
Maximum Bulb Ter	mperati	ure			_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			5°C
Maximum Seal Ter	mperati	ire		- <u>-</u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_		5°C
- Maximum Scar Tel						TVDIC	`^	\DED	ATION	<u>.</u>							
AUDIO FREQUENC	Y POW	/ER A	MPLI	FIER					e, two		unles	s oth	erwi	se spe	cified.		
AND MODULATOR						DC P	late V	/olta	ge - ge (app		<u> </u>	20	000	250	0 3	3000 V	
Class B						Zero-	rid V Signa	Oltag	ge (app	Orox.)^ Curren	.+ -	-	-50 120	70 100		90 √ 80 ∧	
						Max-	Signal	DC	Plate (Curren	† -	į	500	45		400 A	
MAXIMUM RATINGS						Effect	ive Lo	oad,	Plate-te	o-Plate	-	85	500	12,60	0 18	,000 C)hms
DC PLATE VOLTAGE -		-	3500	VOLTS		Peak	Ar G Itage	ria (per	Input tube)				260	27	0	270 \	olts.
MAX-SIGNAL DC						Max-	Signal	Pea	k Drivi	ng Pov	ver -		50	5			Vatts
PLATE CURRENT -	-	-	250			Max-	Signal	No	minal ⁄er (app	\			25	2	4	20.1	Vatts
DC PLATE CURRENT -	-	-		WATTS		Max-	iving Sianal	l Pla	te Pow	er Out	- tuat		600	72		820 V	
GRID DISSIPATION -	-	-	25	WATTS		*Adjust	to give	e stat	ed zero-si	gnal plat	te curre	nt.					
PLATE MODULATE	D DAD!								RATION	1				200	,	2500 \	/alta
							late \ late C			- :		-	-	200		200 A	
FREQUENCY AMPLIFIER Class-C Telephony (Carrier conditions, per tube)							rid V			-		-	-	-25		-300 \	
	ier condi	mons, p	er iud	e)			rid C RF G		nt - Input V	- /oltage	- -	-	-	3 48		35 M 535 \	
MAXIMUM RATINGS									-			-	-	1	7	191	Natts
DC PLATE VOLTAGE -		-		VOLTS			Dissi			-		-	-	40	8	9 \ 500 \	Vatts
PLATE DISSIPATION		-	200						nput on -		- :	- -	-	11		125	
PLATE DISSIPATION		-		WATTS		Plate	Pow	ėr O	tuatu	_	<u>.</u>	. <u>-</u>	-	28		375	
GRID DISSIPATION		-	25	WATTS		The ou	tput fig	ures (do not all	ow for c	arcuit l	osses.					



RADIO FREQUENCY POWER AMPLIFIER AND OSCILLATOR

Class-C Telegraphy or FM Telephony (Key-down conditions, per tube)

MANUALIMA BATINIOS

V ,	, ,		,			~~			00 ///0.
MAXIMUM RATINGS					Peak RF Grid Input Voltage	e 380	400	440	505 Volts
MAXIMOM KATINGS					Driving Power	- 12	11	11	15 Watts
DC PLATE VOLTAGE	-		-	3500 VOLTS	Grid Dissipation	- 7	6	5.5	7 Watts
DC PLATE CURRENT	-	-	-	250 MA.	Plate Power Input -		570	666	800 Watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	_	_	_	200 WATTS	Plate Dissipation	- 200	200	200	200 Watts
GRID DISSIPATION		_		25 WATTS	Plate Power Output - The output figures do not allow for c		370	466	600 Watts
	_								

TYPICAL OPERATION DC Plate Voltage -

DC Plate Current -

DC Grid Voltage -DC Grid Current -

APPLICATION

MECHANICAL

Mounting — The 592/3-200A3 must be mounted vertically, base down or base up. Flexible connecting straps should be provided from the grid and plate terminals to the external grid and plate circuits. The tube must be protected from severe vibration and shock.

Cooling — An air-flow of approximately 15 cubic feet per minute should be directed at the bulb from a 2 inch diameter nozzle located about three inches from the center line of the tube. The center line of the nozzle should be located about two inches down from the top of the plate terminal. The incoming air temperature should not exceed 50°C. Other methods of cooling may be used provided the maximum bulb and seal temperatures are not exceeded. An 8 inch, household-type fan located about 10 inches from the tube is one alternate method. Special heat-dissipating connectors EIMAC HR-5 and HR-10, or equivalent, for grid and plate terminals respectively) should be used with this tube. These connectors help to prolong tube life by reducing the temperature of the metal-glass seals.

ELECTRICAL

Filament Voltage — For maximum tube life, the filament voltage, as measured directly at the filament pins, should be the rated value of 10.0 volts. Unavoidable variations in filament voltage must be kept within the range of 9.5 to 10.5 volts.

Bias Voltage — There is little advantage in using bias voltages in excess of those given under "Typical Operation" except in certain very specialized applications. Where bias is obtained by a grid leak, suitable protective means must be provided to prevent excessive plate dissipation in the event of loss of excitation.

Grid Dissipation — The power dissipated by the grid of the 592/3-200A3 must not exceed 25 watts. Grid dissipation may be calculated from the following expression:

> $P_g = e_{emp}I_e$ where P_g=grid dissipation,

 e_{emp} =peak positive grid voltage, and I_e=dc grid current.

 e_{emp} may be measured by means of a suitable peak-reading voltmeter connected between filament and grid.

Plate Voltage—Except for special applications, the plate supply voltage for the 592/3-200A3 should not exceed 3500 volts. In most cases there is little advantage in using plate-supply voltages in excess of those given under "Typical Operation" for the power output desired.

2000

250

150

32

2500

228

180

28

3000

222

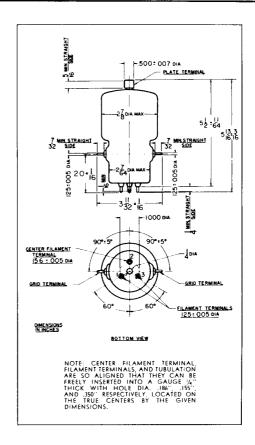
3500 Volts

228 Ma.

270 Volts

30 Ma.

Plate Dissipation — Under normal operating conditions, the power dissipated by the plate of the 592/3-200A3 should not exceed 200 watts. At this dissipation the brightness temperature of the plate will appear a red-orange in color. The value of this color is somewhat affected by light from the filament, as well as from external sources. Plate dissipation in excess of the maximum rating is permissible for short periods of time, such as during tuning procedures.



DRIVING POWER vs. POWER OUTPUT

The four charts on this page show the relationship of plate efficiency, power output and grid driving power at plate voltages of 2000, 2500, 3000 and 3500 volts. These charts show combined grid and bias losses only. The driving power and power output figures do not include circuit losses. The plate dissipation in watts is indicated by P_p .

Points A, B, C, and D are identical to the typical Class C operating conditions shown on the first page under 2000, 2500, 3000, and 3500 volts respectively.

